

Engaging Students through Careers Part I: Understanding Motivation

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Series Overview

• Part I: Understanding Motivation

• Part II: Connecting Students with Careers

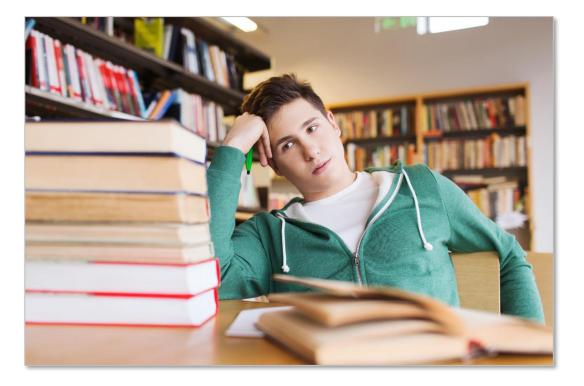
• Part III: Using Careers to Engage Students



Overview

Part I: Understanding Motivation

- Is motivation an issue among your students?
- What is/isn't working for your students?
- What is motivation?
- What affects motivation?
- How can we enhance motivation?
- How can career exploration help?





Is motivation an issue?

Let's take a moment and reflect on motivation among students in your school/district.

- What are students motivated to do?
- What are they <u>not</u> motivated to do?
- Is motivation an issue? How?
- What strategies have your found to be <u>most</u> and <u>least</u> effective in motivating students to engage in behaviors that promote their success?





Motivation = a need or desire that energizes and directs behavior

- An internal force that emerges from a basic survival need or something we want that changes behavior.
- Theories of Motivation
 - Help us understand human needs/wants and the behaviors related to these needs/wants.
 - We can gain a better sense of why we do what we do!







7 Incories Motivation

Humanistic theory

motivation to fulfill our
 own individual potential
 exemplified by Maslow's
 Hierarchy of Needs.

6 Expectancy theory

 motivation is led by how likely we predict a positive outcome.



Self-determination theory

 motivation is driven by three innate psychological needs: mastery, a sense of belonging, and autonomy.

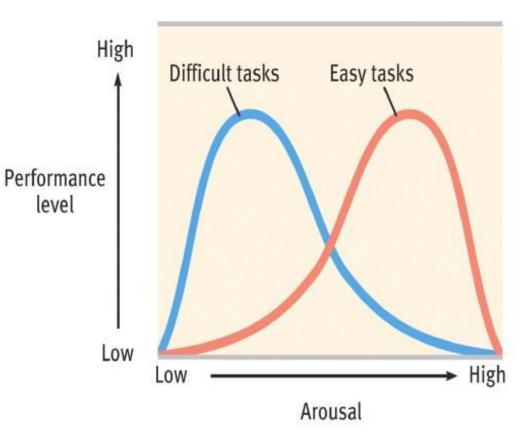
Ogilvy



Arousal Theory

- Humans are motivated to seek optimum levels of arousal.
 - Once biological needs have been satisfied, we are driven to experience some degree stimulation.
 - In other words, we don't do well with boredom.
 - Arousal has an interesting relationship with performance.
 - **Difficult Tasks** = best at lower levels of arousal
 - Easy Tasks = best at higher levels of arousal

Yerkes-Dodson Law

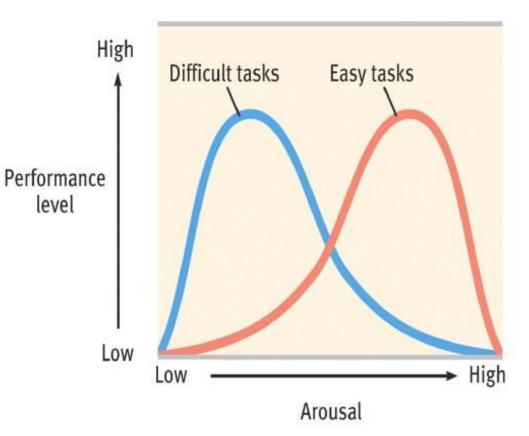


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Arousal Theory

- What does this mean for our work with students?
 - When students are bored, they naturally will seek stimulation.
 - Keeping students engaged in school-related tasks will keep them on track.
 - If they are not engaged, they will naturally find alternate forms of entertainment that may not promote successful outcomes.
 - Be mindful of students' arousal. Pushing too hard on difficult tasks can raise anxiety and reduce performance.

Yerkes-Dodson Law



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Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs

- Basic needs must be satisfied before higher-level, psychological needs.
- Provides a basic framework for understanding the order individuals seek to satisfy needs.
- Not universally fixed.
 - Some individuals will satisfy higher needs before lower needs.
 - Not all individuals seek selfactualization.





Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs

- What does this mean for our work with students?
 - We should consider students' needs and the order they seek to satisfy them.
 - If students are struggling with basic needs, they may not be motivated to explore higher needs.
 - Taking a moment to assess and address basic needs may help free students to pursue higher needs.





Encouraging Behaviors

Positive Reinforcement vs. Punishment

- Positive Reinforcement = praise, rewards, pleasant outcomes
- Punishment = negative criticism, penalties, unpleasant outcomes
- Positive reinforcement is more effective than punishment in directing behavior toward <u>specific</u> outcomes and maintaining the behavior.

Positive experiences help individuals...

- know what they should do again.
- develop a positive connection with tasks.

Unpleasant experiences help individuals...

- know what they should <u>not</u> do again.
- develop a negative connection with tasks.





Encouraging Behaviors

Growth Mindset = the belief that one's basic abilities can be developed through dedication and hard work

- Praise the process more than the outcome.
- When possible, avoid personal opinion statements, such as, "I like...
- Use descriptive comments. "You provided a lot of explanation on...."
- Praise the work and actions done to reach the outcome. "You worked really hard on..." "You demonstrated tremendous focus on...."
- **Objective** = to help individuals develop personal desire (intrinsic motivation) to grow and change through hard work and persistence



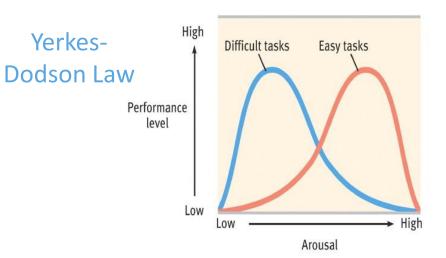
Reflection/Discussion

- Arousal Theory = individual seek optimum levels of arousal
 Yerkes-Dodson Law
- Maslow's Hierarchy = basic needs before higher needs
- Positive Reinforcement vs Punishment
- Growth Mindset

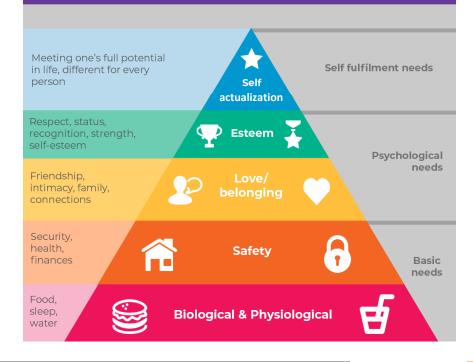
What resonated with you? How might you use this information in motivating students?







MASLOW'S HIERARCHY OF NEEDS



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- Students will be drawn to things they are interested in **Arousal Theory**
- Students are motivated to satisfy needs, with some being more urgent than others – Maslow's Hierarchy
- We can best encourage students to accomplish tasks using **positive reinforcement** and praising their **persistence and effort**.





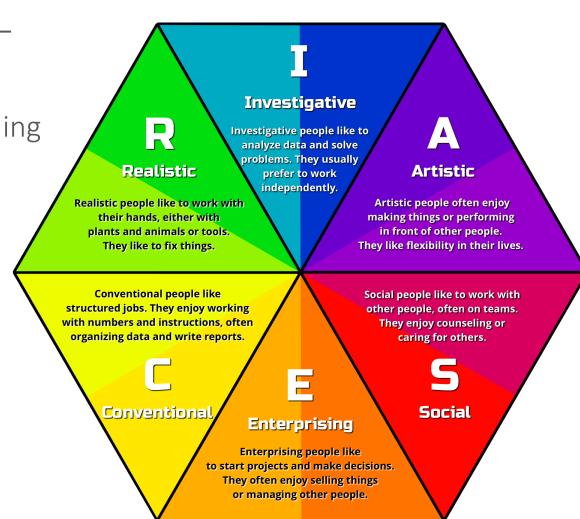
- How can we connect with students' interests and needs to help keep them motivated to work toward successful outcomes?
- Career Exploration
 - Universal a process that applies to most students
 - Assessments interests, values, skills
 - Personalization provides insight that can be used to connect academic goals with students' interests and needs
 - Purpose students can relate their learning to interests and needs associated with their future occupation



O*NET Interest Profiler

• Assesses occupational interests according to Holland's personality types.





mynextmove.org/explore/ip

O*NET Work Importance Locator

• Helps identify work values and needs.

Explore Careers 🔻	Find Training 🔻	Job Search 🔻	Find Local Help 🤝	Toolkit 🤝	Resources For 🔫	Q
Work Values Matcher	Your Work Va	lues Matcher Re	esults			
There are 6 universal work values: • Achievement					Achievement (3	0)
 Achievement Independence Recognition Relationships Support Working Conditions This chart shows how you rated each of them. Why do work values matter? When you choose a career field or workplace that aligns with your work values, you can: 		Indepe Recognition (S	Support (26)	
 gain job satisfaction feel motivated and engaged at work share common values with coworkers 	Achievement Support (26) Relationships					• •
Help	Working Cond					▼ ▼
	Recognition (12)				•

careeronestop.org/ExploreCareers/Assessments/work-values.aspx

Achievement

If **Achievement** is your highest work value, look for jobs that let you use your best abilities. Look for work where you can see the results of your efforts. Explore jobs where you can get the feeling of accomplishment.

Independence

If **Independence** is your highest work value, look for jobs where they let you do things on your own initiative. Explore work where you can make decisions on your own.

Recognition

If **Recognition** is your highest work value, explore jobs with good possibilities for advancement. Look for work with prestige or with the potential for leadership.

Relationships

If **Relationships** is your highest work value, look for jobs where your co-workers are friendly. Look for work that lets you be of service to others. Explore jobs that do not make you do anything that goes against your sense of right and wrong.

Support

If **Support** is your highest work value, look for jobs where the company stands behind its workers and where the workers are comfortable with management's style of supervision. Explore work in companies with a reputation for competent, considerate, and fair management.

Working Conditions

If **Working Conditions** is your highest work value, consider pay, job security, and good working conditions when looking at jobs. Look for work that suits your work style. Some people like to be busy all the time, or work alone, or have many different things to do. Explore jobs where you can take best advantage of your particular work style.



Where to find assessments?

- My Next Move (<u>mynextmove.org</u>)
- CareerOneStop (careeronestop.org)

o.net

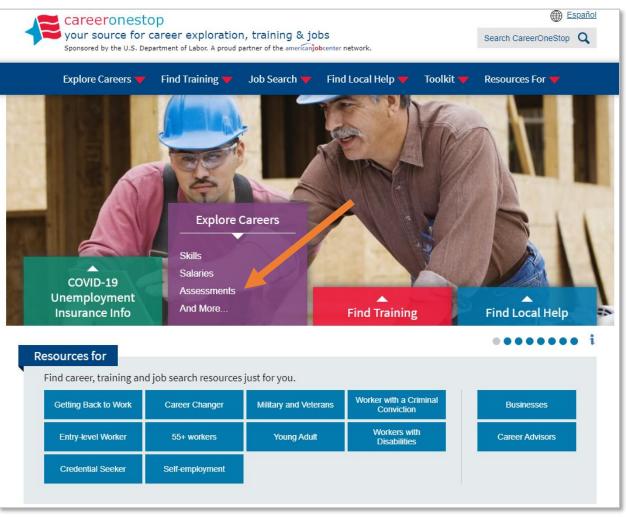
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SEARCH INDUSTRIES INTERESTS

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What do you want to do for a living? "I want to be a ..." "I'll know it when I see it." "I'm not really sure." ٩ 9 Search careers **Browse careers** Tell us what you with key words. by industry. like to do. Describe your dream career in a few There are over 900 career options for Answer questions about the type of work you might enjoy. We'll sug words: you to look at. Find yours in one of careers that match your interests and these industries: training. Administration & Support Services Examples: doctor, build houses Search 5 Browse 🕥 Start 6

careeronestop.org/ExploreCareers/Assessments/self-assessments



MY NEXT MOVE

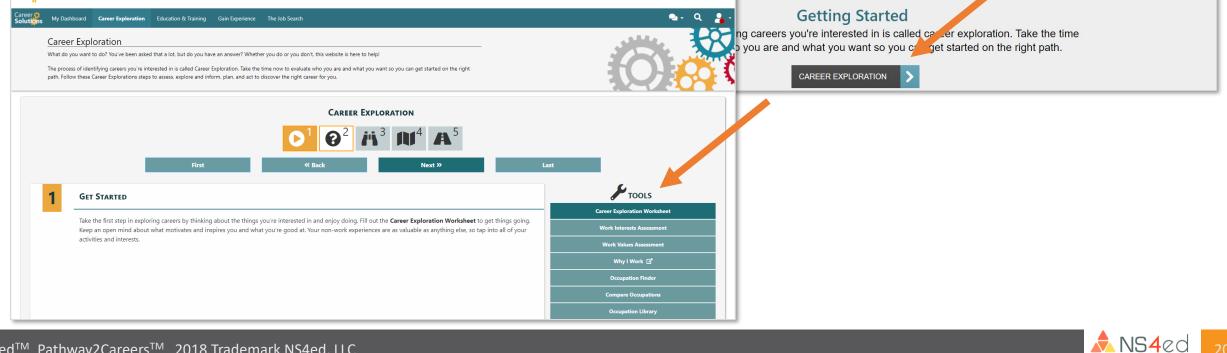
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NM DWS Career Solutions

- NM career exploration resource
 - nmcareersolutions.com





New Mexico Department of WORKFORCE SOLUTIONS How can we use this information to motivate students to work toward successful outcomes and achieve academic goals?



- Use assessments with students.
- Obtain assessment results.
- Note basic needs and interests.
- Look for opportunities to meet these needs and interests.
- Look for connections in required courses and activities.
- Explore occupations that meet student needs and interests.
- Keep students focused on current activities/tasks that support future needs and interests.



How to encourage completion of assessments?

- Positive Reinforcement
 - Simple incentives, rewards
 - Talk about the positive outcomes related to completing the assessments
 - Attention and interest in students' personal characteristics





Reflection/Discussion

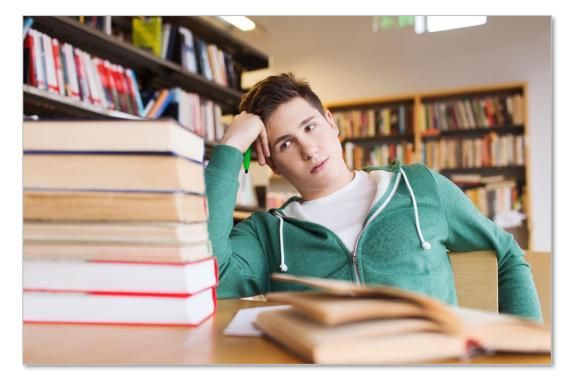
- What career exploration activities are you currently engaging in with your students?
- Have you used career exploration assessments before?
- How have you encouraged the use of assessments?
- How have you used the information from these assessments?





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